- (3) MCO, PHP or PCCM action on request. (i) An MCO, PHP or PCCM may either approve a request for disenrollment or refer the request to the State.
- (ii) If the MCO, PHP, PCCM, or State agency (whichever is responsible) fails to make a disenrollment determination so that the recipient can be disenrolled within the timeframes specified in paragraphs (e)(1) of this section, the disenrollment is considered approved.
- (4) State agency action on request. For a request received directly from the recipient, or one referred by the MCO, PHP or PCCM, the State agency must take action to approve or disapprove the request based on the following:
 - (i) Reasons cited in the request.
- (ii) Information provided by the MCO, PHP or the PCCM at the agency's request.
- (iii) Any of the reasons specified in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.
- (5) Use of the MCO, PHP, or PCCM grievance procedures. (i) The State agency may require that the enrollee seek redress through the MCO, PHP, or PCCM's grievance system before making a determination on the enrollee's request.
- (ii) The grievance process, if used, must be completed in time to permit the disenrollment (if approved) to be effective in accordance with the time-frame specified in §438.56(e)(1).
- (iii) If, as a result of the grievance process, the MCO, PHP, or PCCM approves the disenrollment, the State agency is not required to make a determination.
- (e) Timeframe for disenvollment determinations. (1) Regardless of the procedures followed, the effective date of an approved disenvollment must be no later than the first day of the second month following the month in which the enrollee or the MCO, PHP or PCCM files the request.
- (2) If the MCO, PHP or PCCM or the State agency (whichever is responsible) fails to make the determination within the timeframes specified in paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this section, the disenrollment is considered approved.
- (f) Notice and appeals. A State that restricts disenrollment under this section must take the following actions:

- (1) Provide that enrollees and their representatives are given written notice of disenrollment rights at least 60 days before the start of each enrollment period.
- (2) Ensure access to State fair hearing for any enrollee dissatisfied with a State agency determination that there is not good cause for disenrollment.
- (g) Automatic reenrollment: Contract requirement. If the State plan so specifies, the contract must provide for automatic reenrollment of a recipient who is disenrolled solely because he or she loses Medicaid eligibility for a period of 2 months or less.

§ 438.58 Conflict of interest safeguards.

- (a) As a condition for contracting with MCOs or PHPs, a State must have in effect safeguards against conflict of interest on the part of State and local officers and employees and agents of the State who have responsibilities relating to MCO or PHP contracts or the default enrollment process specified in § 438.50(f).
- (b) These safeguards must be at least as effective as the safeguards specified in section 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423).

§ 438.60 Limit on payment to other providers.

The State agency must ensure that no payment is made to a provider other than the MCO or PHP for services available under the contract between the State and the MCO or PHP, except where such payments are provided for in title XIX of the Act or 42 CFR.

§ 438.62 Continued services to recipients.

- (a) The State agency must arrange for Medicaid services to be provided without delay to any Medicaid enrollee of an MCO, PHP or PCCM whose contract is terminated and for any Medicaid enrollee who is disenrolled from an MCO, PHP or PCCM for any reason other than ineligibility for Medicaid.
- (b) The State agency must have in effect a mechanism to ensure continued access to services when an enrollee with ongoing health care needs is transitioned from fee-for-service to an MCO, PHP or PCCM, from one MCO,